

# ECED 3204 Microprocessor

## Assignment #7 Reference Solution

<http://www.jasongu.org/3204/assignments.html>

Assignment #7 contains the following problems:

**E14.1** Configure the MEGA SPI module with the specified setting:

```
ldi    r20,0x79          ; master mode, SCK idle low, shift data on falling edge
out    SPCR,r20          ; disable SPI interrupts, shift data lsb first, baud rate = 1 MHz
clr    r20
out    SPSR,r20          ; clear SPI2X flag
in     r20,SPDR          ; clear all SPI flags
ldi    r20,0x07          ; configure SS/PB0, SCK/PB1,MOSI/PB2, MISO/PB3
out    DDRB,r20          ; pin direction
```

**E14.4** Interface the MC14489 with the MEGA1280 using the SPI interface.

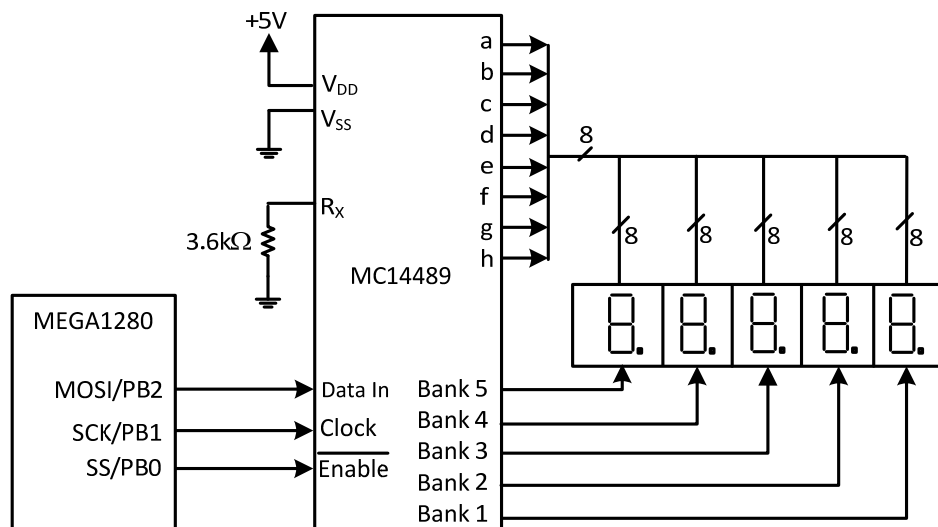


Figure E14.4 MEGA1280 driving five 7-segment displays using an MC14489

The assembly program to display 13579 on the seven-segment displays driven by the MC14489:

```
.include <m1280def.inc>
.cseg
.org    0x00
rjmp   start
.org    0xF6
start:  ldi    r20,low(RAMEND)
        out    SPL,r20
        ldi    r20,high(RAMEND)
        out    SPH,r20
        rcall  initSPI
```

```

        ldi    r16,0x01          ; configures MC14489 to normal, hex decode mode
        rcall  initMC14489      ; "
        ldi    ZL,low(dispData<<1)
        ldi    ZH,high(dispData<<1)
        ldi    r21,3
tloop:  cbi    PORTB,0           ; enable SPI transfer to MC14489
        lpm    r16,Z+
        rcall  putcSPI_master
        dec    r21
        brne  tloop
again:  sbi    PORTB,0         ; update seven-segment displays
        nop
        rjmp  again

dispDat: .db    0x81,0x35,0x79  ; data to display 13579 in normal brightness on MC14489
        .include "spiUtil_mega.asm"
; -----
;
; The following subroutine enable SPI to master mode, shift data msb first at 4 MHz on the
; rising edge of the SCK clock with SCK idle low.
; -----
initSPI: ldi    r20,0x50         ; enable SPI to master mode, disable interrupt,
        out    SPCR,r20        ; set shift rate to 4 MHz, shift data on rising edge, msb first
        ldi    r20,SPSR       ; clear all SPI flags
        lds    r20,SPDR       ; "
        clr    r20            ; clear SPI2X bit
        out    SPSR,r20       ; "
        ldi    r20,0x07       ; configures MISO/PB3, MOSI/PB2, SCK/PB1, SS/PB0 pin
        out    DDRB,r20       ; direction
        ret
; -----
; This subroutine configures the MC14489's C5~C1 to hex decode mode with normal brightness.
; -----
initMC14489:
        cbi    PORTB,PB0      ; enable SPI transfer to MC14489
        call   putcSPI_master  ; output the configuration command to MC14489
        sbi    PORTB,PB0      ; execute configuration command
        ret

```

**E14.15** Write a program to display the character string **AbCdEFyH35** on the seven-segment displays driven by two MC14489s connected to the SPI module of the MEGA2560.

**Solution:** The configuration data to be send to these MC14489 is 0xD8,0x00,0x00,0x01; whereas display data is 0x8F,0xC2,0x35,0x8A,0xBC,0xDE.

The program is as follows:

```

        .include <m2560def.inc>
        .cseg
        .org    0x00
        rjmp   start
        .org    0xF6
start:  ldi    r20,low(RAMEND)  ; set up stack pointer

```

```

        out    SPL,r20          ; "
        ldi    r20,high(RAMEND) ; "
        out    SPH,r20          ; "
        ldi    r16,3            ; configure USART1 to MSPI mode and shift data
        ldi    r17,0           ; at 2 MHz
        call   initMegaMSPI    ; "
; send out configuration data to all three MC14489s
        ldi    r28,4
        cbi    PORTD,PD0        ; enable SPI transfer to MC14489
        ldi    ZL,low(confDat<<1) ; set up configuration data pointer
        ldi    ZH,high(confDat<<1); "
loop1:   lpm    r16,Z+
        call   putch_USART_MSPI
        dec    r28
        brne   loop1
        sbi    PORTD,PD0
; send out display data to 2 MC14489s
        ldi    r28,6           ; set up loop count
        ldi    ZL,low(dispData<<1) ; set up table pointer
        ldi    ZH,high(dispData<<1); "
loop2:   lpm    r16,Z+         ; transfer display data to MC14489
        call   putch_USART_MSPI ; "
        dec    r28            ; "
        brne   loop2         ; "
        sbi    PORTD,PD0      ; update seven-segment displays
forever: nop
        rjmp   forever
confDat: .db    0xD8,0x00,0x00,0x01
dispDat: .db    0x8F,0xC2,0x35,0x8A,0xBC,0xDE

```

```

;-----
; This subroutine initializes the USART1 of the MEGA AVR to MSPI mode, and also enables
; reception and transmission. The setting of baud rate is passed in r17:r16.
;-----

```

```

initMegaMSPI:
        clr    r20
        sts    UBRR0H,r20
        sts    UBRR0L,r20
        in     r20,DDRD
        andi   r20,0xD4        ; clear bit 5,3,1,0
        ori    r20,0x29        ; set bit 5, 3, and 0
        out    DDRD,r20        ; configure PD5/XCK1, PD3/TXD1 for output
        ldi    r20,(1<<RXEN1)|(1<<TXEN1) ; enable receiver and transmitter
        sts    UCSR1B,r20
        ldi    r20,(1<<UMSEL11)|(1<<UMSEL10)|(0<<UCPHA1)|(0<<UCPOL1)
        sts    UCSR1C,r20      ; select MSPI mode
        sts    UBRR1H,r17      ; set up baud rate
        sts    UBRR1L,r16      ; "
        ret

```

```

;-----
; The following subroutine outputs a character in r16 to USART1 in MSPI mode.
;-----

```

```

putch_USART_MSPI:
        lds    r20,UCSR1A      ; wait until USART data register is empty
        sbrs   r20,UDRE1       ; "
        rjmp   putch_USART_MSPI ; "

```

```

        sts      UDR1,r16          ; start data transmission
waitTxC1: lds      r20,UCSR1A      ; wait until the character has been shifted out
        sbrs    r20,RXC1          ; "
        rjmp   waitTxC1          ; "
        lds      r22,UDR1        ; clear RXC1 flag
        ret

```

**E15.6** Use the polling method to write an assembly subroutine to set up the TH or TL value to the DS1631A shown in Figure 15.26. The high byte and low byte of TH or TL are passed in r16 and r17 respectively

```

; -----
; This subroutine sets up TH or TL. The value is passed in r16 and r17. When r18 holds 1, the
; subroutine sets up TH. Otherwise, it sets up TL.
; -----
setupTHoTL:
        call    startTWI          ; generate a START condition
        push   r16
        ldi    r16,DS1631        ; send out control byte + /W bit
        call   sendByteTWI       ; "
        cpi    r18,1             ; check what command to send
        brne   setTL             ; "
        ldi    r16,accessTH      ; send AccessTH command
        call   sendByteTWI       ; '
        rjmp   sndVal
setTL:  ldi    r16,accessTL      ; send AccessTL command
        call   sendByteTWI       ; "
sndVal: pop     r16               ; restore high byte of value
        call   sendByteTWI       ; send out the high byte
        mov    r16,r17           ; send out the low byte
        call   sendByteTWI       ; "
        call   stopTWI
        ret

```